

HOMEWORK 4, DUE FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27

Please turn in well-written solutions for the following:

- (1) Let  $D \subset \mathbb{R}$  and suppose  $f : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $g : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are both continuous. Define  $h : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $h(x) = \max\{f(x), g(x)\}$ . Prove that  $h$  is continuous on  $D$ .

- (2) Consider the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q} \\ 0 & \text{if } x \notin \mathbb{Q} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Prove that  $f$  is continuous at 0.

- (b) Prove that if  $a \neq 0$ , then  $f$  is not continuous at  $a$ .

- (3) Suppose  $E \subset D \subset \mathbb{R}$ , and suppose  $x_0 \in E$ . Let  $f : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a function, and define  $g : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $g(x) = f(x)$  for all  $x \in E$ .

- (a) Prove that if  $f$  is continuous at  $x_0$ , then  $g$  is continuous at  $x_0$ .

- (b) Give an example of sets  $E$  and  $D$  and functions  $f$  and  $g$  as above, such that  $g$  is continuous at  $x_0$  but  $f$  is NOT continuous at  $x_0$ .

- (4) We say that  $x$  is a *fixed point* of  $f$  if  $f(x) = x$ .

- (a) Suppose that  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$  is a continuous function. Prove that there exists  $c \in [0, 1]$  such that  $f(c) = c$ . (That is, show that  $f$  has a fixed point.)

- (b) Suppose that  $f$  is  $L$ -continuous on  $\mathbb{R}$  for some  $L \in [0, 1)$ . Prove that  $f$  cannot have two different fixed points.

- (5) Suppose  $f_1 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is  $L_1$ -continuous for some  $L_1 \geq 0$ , and  $f_2 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is  $L_2$ -continuous for some  $L_2 \geq 0$ . Prove that  $f_2 \circ f_1$  is  $L$ -continuous with  $L = L_1 L_2$ .

- (6) Let  $I \subset \mathbb{R}$  be some interval, and suppose that  $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is  $L$ -continuous for some  $L \geq 0$ . Prove that  $f$  is uniformly continuous on  $I$ .