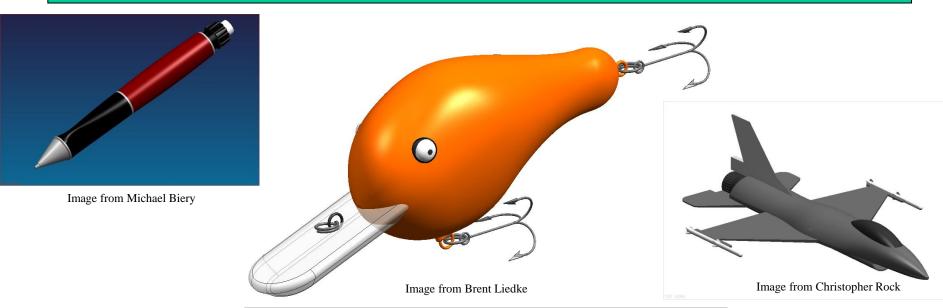


# Freeform Surface Modeling





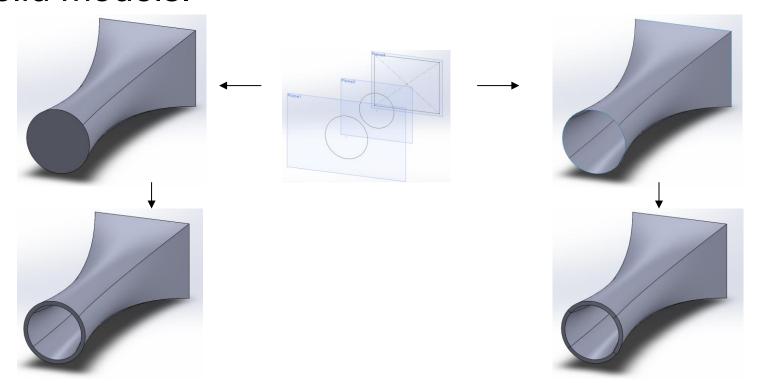
# **Review of Sweep Operations**

- Types of "sweep" operations are:
  - Extrude
  - Revolve
  - Sweep along path
- Elements of sweep operations are:
  - Profile
  - Sweep path (may be implied)



#### Solid vs. Surface Models

 Freeform surfaces can be created on surface or solid models.



(a) Solid Modelling Approach

(b) Surface Modelling Approach



#### 1. Surfaces from points

Point interpolation

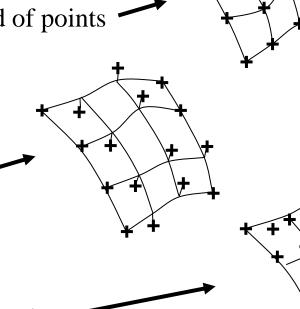
Surface is incident with a grid of points

Control points

Grid of points "pull" surface

Point cloud

Best fit to jumble of points

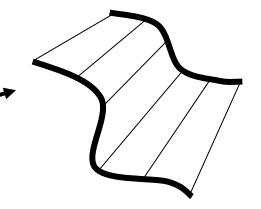


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#### 2. Surfaces from multiple sections

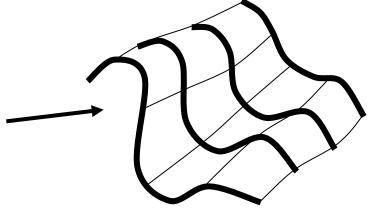
Ruled surface

Matching points on each curve are joined by straight lines



Lofted surface

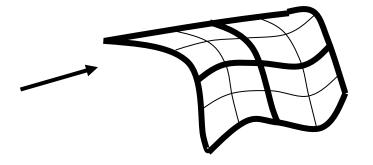
Best fit of surface to curves



#### 2. Surfaces from multiple sections

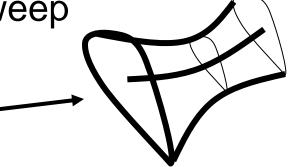
Through curve mesh

Best fit to two sets of curves, one set for each direction



Advanced/variational sweep

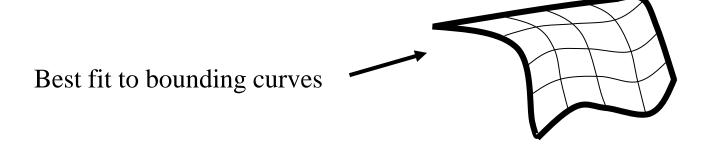
Similar to basic sweep, but "guide rails" can be used to change size and orientation of cross-section. Sketch constraints may also be used for control of swept profile.





#### 2. Surfaces from multiple sections

Bounded plane or surface

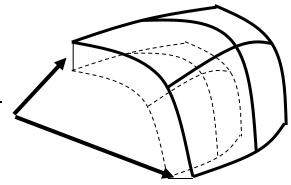


Can sometimes also control edge tangency/curvature to match adjacent face.

# 3. <u>Surface construction from existing</u> <u>surfaces</u>

#### Offset surface

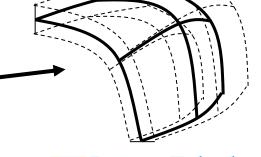
Offset surface is same perpendicular distance from original surface at every point.



#### Midsurface

Midsurface is same perpendicular distance from both original surfaces at each point.





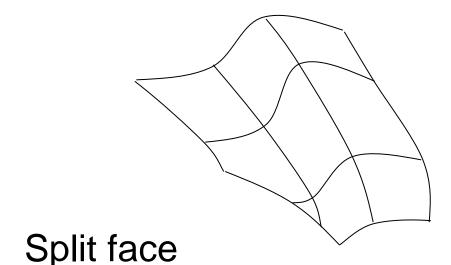
3. <u>Surface construction from existing</u> <u>surfaces</u>

Others we already use:

- Face blends
- Taper
- Shell/thicken
- Direct modeling operations

#### 4. Operations on sheets and faces

Trim sheet



Sew face

#### **Practical Hints**

Choosing loft direction:

Rounding ends:

Fixing twist:

Difference between sweep and loft: