

# Final - Due Tuesday 12/12/2000

K. Subramani  
Department of Computer Science and Electrical Engineering,  
West Virginia University,  
Morgantown, WV  
ksmani@csee.wvu.edu

## 1 Asymptotic Notation

1. Is  $n = O(0.2831n)$  ? ( 5 pts. )
2. What is the asymptotic relationship between  $n^2$  and  $n \cdot \log^5 n$  ? ( 5 pts. )

## 2 Divide and Conquer

1. Let  $A[1 \dots n]$  be an array of  $n$  *distinct* numbers. A pair  $(i, j)$  is called an *inversion pair* if  $i < j$  and  $A[i] > A[j]$ . For example, the array  $A = [2, 3, 8, 6, 1]$  has 5 inversion pairs, viz.  $(1, 5)$  ( since  $A[1] = 2 > A[5] = 1$  ),  $(2, 5)$ ,  $(3, 4)$ ,  $(3, 5)$  and  $(4, 5)$ . Design a Divide and Conquer algorithm that determines the *number* of inversion pairs in an array of size  $n$ . Provide an analysis of the running time. ( 20 pts. )

## 3 Greedy

1. Consider the problem of making change for  $n$  cents using the least number of coins.
  - (a) Describe a greedy procedure to make change consisting of quarters, dimes, nickels and pennies. Prove that your algorithm is correct. ( 15 pts. )
  - (b) Give a set of coin denominations for which the greedy strategy fails ( 10 pts.)

## 4 Dynamic Programming

1. Assume that  $n$  programs are to be stored on two tapes  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ . Let  $l_i$  be the length of tape needed to store the  $i^{th}$  program. Assume that  $\sum_{i=1}^n l_i \leq L$ , where  $L$  is the length of each tape. A program may be stored on either  $T_1$  or  $T_2$ . If  $S_1$  is the set of programs on  $T_1$ , then the worst-case access time for a program is proportional to  $\max\{\sum_{i \in S_1} l_i, \sum_{i \notin S_1} l_i\}$ . Formulate a dynamic programming algorithm to determine the worst case access time of an *optimal* assignment. Analyze the running time of your algorithm. ( 25 pts. )

## 5 Graph Algorithms

1. In class, we studied two algorithms for the All-Pairs shortest path problem. In both cases, we assumed that a negative weight cycle did not exist in the graph. Modify either algorithm to provide a test to detect negative weight cycles. ( *Note: Do not use Bellman-Ford; it works only for single-source shortest paths.* ) ( 20 pts. )