Analysis of Algorithms - Final

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1 Instructions

- 1. The final is due on Monday, December 10 at 10 am.
- 2. Each question is worth 4 points.
- 3. Attempt as many problems as you can. You will be given partial credit, as per the policy discussed in class.

2 Problems

1. Consider the following algorithm to compute the Minimum Spanning Tree of an undirected graph G.

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Function MST-COMPUTE (G = \langle V, E, w \rangle)

1: Order the edges in non-increasing order of their weights w.

2: T \leftarrow E.

3: for (each edge e processed in non-increasing order) do

4: if (T - \{e\} is a connected graph) then

5: T \leftarrow T - \{e\}.

6: end if

7: end for

8: return(T).
```

Algorithm 2.1: A new MST Algorithm

Is this algorithm correct? Justify your answer.

- 2. Argue that there exists a constant c > 0, such that any comparison-based sorting algorithm takes at least $c \cdot n \cdot \log n$ comparisons to sort an array of n numbers.
- 3. Let $X = \langle A, B, C, B, D, A, B \rangle$ and $Y = \langle B, D, C, A, B, A \rangle$. Compute the LCS of X and Y using the technique discussed in class. You are *required* to show at least some of the computations.
- 4. Let u be a vertex in a directed graph G with both an incoming edge and an outgoing edge. Is it possible for a DFS on G to produce a forest in which u is the only vertex?
- 5. Let T denote a binary tree representing the prefix character code of some alphabet. Argue that if T is not full, it cannot be optimal. Recall that a binary tree is full, if every internal node has exactly two children.