## Automata Theory - Final

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## 1 Instructions

- 1. Attempt as many problems as you can. You will be given partial credit.
- 2. The alphabet for each language is  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ .

## 2 Problems

- 1. Design a DFA to accept the language L, that consists of all strings having even length and not ending in 1. (5 points)
- 2. Assume that you are given two DFAs  $A_1$  and  $A_2$ ; let the languages accepted by these DFAs be  $L(A_1)$  and  $L(A_2)$  respectively. Design a strategy to check whether  $L(A_1) \subseteq L(A_2)$ . (5 points)
- 3. Consider the CFG, G, defined by the following productions:

$$S \rightarrow 0S1S \mid 1S0S \mid \epsilon$$

Show that L(G) is the set of all strings with an equal number of 0s and 1s. (5 points) *Hint: Use Induction*.

4. Consider the CFG  $G_1$  defined by:

$$S \rightarrow 0S \mid 0S1S \mid \epsilon$$

Show that

- (a)  $G_1$  is ambiguous. (2 points) Hint: How many leftmost derivations does w = 001 have?
- (b) Is  $L(G_1) = \{0^n 1^n | n \ge 0\}$ ? (3 points)
- 5. Design a PDA to accept the language of palindromes L, i.e., the language L consists of all strings w, such that  $w = w^R$ . (5 points)
- 6. Design a Turing Machine to accept the regular language described by the expression  $1 \cdot 0^* + 0 \cdot 1^*$ . (5 points)

## 3 Abbreviations

- 1. CFG Context Free Grammar
- 2. PDA Pushdown Automaton