

Principles of Programming Languages - Quiz II

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1 Instructions

1. The quiz is to be turned in by 12 : 00 noon.
2. Each question is worth 3 points.
3. Attempt as many problems as you can. You will be given partial credit, as per the policy discussed in class.

2 Problems

1. Type-Checking:

Consider the following ML function definition:

```
> fun thrice f x = f(f(f(x)));
```

Use the Hindley-Milner type-checking algorithm (or any logical procedure) to deduce the type of *thrice()*. You are required to determine the most general type.

2. Expressions and Statements:

- (i) Explain the difference(s) between the **if**-expression and **if**-statement in **C**.
- (ii) Given the semantics of the assignment statement in **C**, will the following fragment of code work? Can it be made to work? Justify your answer.

```
(a > b) ? (a=3) : (b=4);
```

3. Procedures and Environments:

Consider the following **C** program:

```
int i;  
int b[5];  
  
void q (int x)  
{  
    i++;  
    x++;  
}
```

```

main()
{
    i=1;
    b[1]=3;
    b[2]=4;
    q(b[i]);
    printf("%d \n",b[i]);
}

```

What value will be printed assuming that **C** uses the following parameter passing mechanisms: (i) Pass by value, (ii) Pass by value-result, (iii) Pass by name.

4. **Scheme programming:** Write a function in SCHEME that takes as input two *sorted* integer lists L and M and returns a list obtained by *merging* L and M . You may assume that the lists are sorted in ascending order.
5. **ML programming:**
 - (i) Describe how you would declare a type for Binary Search Trees on integers in ML.
 - (ii) Write a function named PRE-TRAVERSE(), which takes as input a Binary Search Tree of the form described above and outputs the list of elements obtained by a *pre-order* traversal of this tree.