Combinatorial Optimization

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- 1. Affine independence, positive scalar multiple and linear independence.
- 2. Piotr's question.
- 3. Not covering polytope theory. Something of everything or everything of something.
- 4. Matroids after shortest paths.
- 5. Directed graphs and undirected graphs.
- 6. Representation of digraphs.
- 7. Diwalk, Dipath, interior vertex, dicycle.
- 8. The minimum dipath problem (Shortest path problem). Can it have cycles?
- 9. Presence of negative cost cyles.
- 10. Shortest paths in the presence of negative weight cycles.
- 11. No negative cycles.
- 12. The relax operation. The difference between d and δ . d represents the cost of an actual path.
- 13. Optimal substructure property.
- 14. Triangle inequality $\delta(s, v)$.
- 15. Convergence property.
- 16. Bellman-Ford Algorithm. Two different dynamic programs.

$$d[v] = \delta(s, v)$$

$$\leq \delta(s, u) + w(u, v)$$

$$= d[u] + w(u, v)$$

- 17. Extracting the shortest path.
- 18. All-Pairs Shortest path problem. Floyd-Warshall algorithm.

$$\begin{aligned} d_{ij}^k &= w_{ij}, \ if \ k = 0 \\ &= d_{ik}^{k-1} + d_{jk}^{k-1}, \ otherwise. \end{aligned}$$