

Show All Work

- 1) Use Lagrange multipliers to find maximum and minimum values of $f(x,y,z) = x^4 + y^4 + z^4$ subject to the constraint $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 18$.

$$\nabla f = \langle 4x^3, 4y^3, 4z^3 \rangle$$

$$\nabla g = \langle 2x, 2y, 2z \rangle$$

$$\nabla f = \lambda \nabla g$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x^3 = 2x\lambda \\ 4y^3 = 2y\lambda \\ 4z^3 = 2z\lambda \\ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 18 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow x=0 \text{ or } 2x^2 = \lambda \\ &y=0 \text{ or } 2y^2 = \lambda \\ &z=0 \text{ or } 2z^2 = \lambda \\ &x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 18 \end{aligned}$$

- case 1 $x=y=z=0 \rightarrow$ impossible $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 18$
case 2 two variables = 0 say x and y

$$\begin{aligned} z^2 &= 18 \\ z &= \pm\sqrt{18} = \pm 3\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

points

$$(0, 0, \pm 3\sqrt{2}), (0, \pm 3\sqrt{2}, 0), (\pm 3\sqrt{2}, 0, 0)$$

by symmetry

$$f(\text{these}) = 18^2 = 324$$

- case 3 one variable = 0 say x
then $2y^2 = \lambda = 2z^2$ so $y^2 = z^2$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } x^2 + y^2 + z^2 &= 18 \\ \text{becomes } 2y^2 &= 18 \\ y^2 &= 9 \\ y &= \pm 3 \\ z &= \pm 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{points} & (0, \pm 3, \pm 3) \\ \text{by symmetry} & (\pm 3, 0, \pm 3) \\ & (\pm 3, \pm 3, 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$f(\text{these}) = 81 + 81 = 162$$

- case 4 no variable = 0
 $2x^2 = 2y^2 = 2z^2 \rightarrow x^2 = y^2 = z^2$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } 3x^2 &= 18 \\ x^2 &= 6 \\ x &= \pm\sqrt{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{so } (\pm\sqrt{6}, \pm\sqrt{6}, \pm\sqrt{6})$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(\text{these points}) &= 6^2 + 6^2 + 6^2 \\ &= 108 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{MAX} = 324$$

$$\text{MIN} = 108$$